



DATCHET PARISH COUNCIL

Annual Leave Policy

Document Created on	06 th Jan 2025
Policy adopted by resolution	10 th March 2025
Minute Ref	24 /274k
Next Review Date (Review every 5 years or sooner should legislation dictate.)	Jan 2030
Version 2	

Document Revised on	Revision Tracking
10/03/2025	<p>Updated HEADING CARRY OVER LEAVE – The old policy reads:</p> <p><i>Except in the very rare circumstances of a booked and agreed period of leave being cancelled at the council's request, it is not possible to carry over unused days of leave from one leave year to the next, nor will any payment be made for leave unused at the end of a leave year. Thus, leave untaken at the end of a leave year is lost.</i></p> <p><i>If an employee accrues annual leave whilst off sick or on maternity leave. If the employee has not taken the accrued leave by the time the holiday year ends, he or she can, despite the wording of the WTR, take the unused portion of their annual leave in the next leave year (or in some cases even the year after that).</i></p> <p><u>Replaced with:</u> <i>Up to 5 days' leave may be carried over into the following leave year, subject to approval. Additional days may be carried over if an employee has been prevented from taking it in the relevant leave year because they have taken maternity, paternity, adoption, parental or shared parental leave, or if they have been on long term sick leave.</i></p>



Annual leave entitlement	3
Working part-time	3
Variable hours workers	3
Leave year	3
Carrying over leave	3
Requesting leave	3
Sickness during leave	4
Payment of annual leave	4
Payment in lieu	



Annual leave entitlement

Your paid leave entitlement is set out in your contract of employment. The basic leave entitlement for a full-time staff member is 23 days per annum in addition to 8 Bank holidays, with an increase to 26 days for those with 5 years or more service.

Part-time employees receive a pro-rated entitlement, of both annual leave and bank holidays, according to their hours of work. Employees covered by the Green Book will also be entitled to 2 “extra statutory” days’ holiday

Working part-time

If your pro-rata’d entitlement to Bank Holidays exceeds the number of days that fall on your normal working days (typically because you don’t work on Mondays), you will be able to take the excess as leave. If your entitlement to Bank Holidays is less than the number of Bank Holidays that fall on your normal working days (typically because your normal working days include Mondays), then you can make up the difference by using your leave entitlement. With agreement from the clerk (or the council in the case of the clerk), you may be able to work additional hours to make up the deficit or take unpaid leave.

Variable hours workers

Statutory minimum holiday entitlement is based on 5.6 weeks of holiday per holiday year, including bank and public holidays. [Any holiday entitlement over and above 5.6 weeks will be pro-rated based on hours, days, and weeks worked]. Where variable hours are worked, the actual weekly holiday entitlement will be calculated on a pro-rata basis depending on the average number of hours worked per week, over a 52-week reference period, excluding any weeks when no work has been undertaken.

Leave year

The leave year runs from April to March. It is your responsibility to manage your leave in such a way that you can take it all during the leave year. Your annual leave entitlement will be pro-rated in your first and last year of employment with the council.

Carrying over leave

Up to 5 days’ leave may be carried over into the following leave year, subject to approval.

Additional days may be carried over if an employee has been prevented from taking it in the relevant leave year because they have taken maternity, paternity, adoption, parental or shared parental leave, or if they have been on long term sick leave.

Requesting leave

You should request leave from the clerk (or the Staffing Committee in the case of the clerk), with as much notice as possible. This will allow the council to plan workloads. Before granting leave we will consider:



- The team's workload,
- The need for office or team cover, and,
- Whether other staff have or are likely to ask for the same time off (e.g. a popular holiday time).

The clerk/council will balance your needs against the needs of other staff before agreeing to leave. If you take leave without such permission, it will be treated as an unauthorised absence and dealt with under the Disciplinary Procedure.

Sickness during leave

If you become ill during a period of paid annual leave, you must comply with the requirements of the sickness reporting and certification procedure if you wish to have this sickness period discounted from the period of paid leave taken. It is important that you contact the Clerk (or the Staffing Committee in the case of the Clerk), on the first day of sickness and keep the council up to date during the period of sickness.

Payment of annual leave

If you work regular hours or a full year, holiday pay will be the same as the pay you will have received if you had been at work and working.

If you work irregular hours or part year will receive holiday pay that is based on an entitlement that is calculated at 12.07% of actual hours worked in the relevant pay period using a 'reference period' of 52 weeks (or to the start date if this is less than 52 weeks). A pay period is the frequency an employee is paid.

The Council operates rolled up holiday. An employee who is an irregular hours or part year worker will receive a payment in each pay period in lieu of taking annual leave.

Payment in lieu

The council cannot offer payment in lieu of leave entitlement unless you are leaving the council and have not taken leave entitlement that you have accrued at the time of leaving.


If you leave during the course of a leave year, and cannot take any outstanding accrued leave before your last day, you will receive a payment in lieu of any outstanding accrued leave. In such a case, a calculation will be made of the amount of paid leave due to you, on a pro rata basis, for that part of the leave year up to the date of termination of the contract. Holiday pay will be based on your current rate of pay including any regular overtime.

If, however, you have taken more paid leave than is due by this calculation, then a deduction will be made from your salary payments for an amount at your basic daily rate for the days in question. Such a deduction will be deemed to be a contractually authorised deduction.

This is a non-contractual procedure which will be reviewed from time to time.

— policy ends here —



Signature: 
The Clerk

Date: 10th March 2025